



Our Commitment to Health COMMISSIONING INTENTIONS 2019/20







Who we are and what we do

NHS Warwickshire North Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) is a clinically led commissioning organisation authorised by NHS England to plan, buy and improve healthcare services for 190,250 people living in the boroughs of North Warwickshire and Nuneaton and Bedworth.

The CCG is made up of 27 GP member practices. GPs are co-ordinators of care for their patients and, for the last five years, each practice has been required to be a member of a clinical commissioning organisation, accountable to NHS England.

The CCG receives funding from NHS England, to commission (buy) services for our population against specified standards from qualified NHS and other healthcare providers; this is our core business. The CCG works with clinical and management experts to ensure that local people have the right services commissioned at the right quality and at a price that the NHS can afford.

Since April 2017 we have benefitted from a shared management team with Coventry and Rugby CCG.

The services we commission

The CCG is responsible for commissioning a variety of services including:



Primary Care Services
From April 2018, the CCG
has assumed full
delegation for the
commissioning of Primary
Care services from NHS
England.



Community health services
Such as treatment by district
nurses, advice from health visitors,
rehabilitation, physiotherapy and
occupational therapy to help
people recover from illness or
injury provided by South
Warwickshire Foundation Trust
(SWFT)



Hospital services
For people who are ill or injured and need more specialist input, often provided in this area by George Eliot Hospital, Nuneaton.



Mental health services
Talking therapies for people
with common mental health
problems, and care from
mental health teams for
people with more complex
needs provide by Coventry
and Warwickshire
Foundation Trust (CWPT)



Medication
That patients are
prescribed by their
GP, consultant or
other NHS
practitioner

What are commissioning intentions?

- All CCGs are required to review and outline the actions they will take to improve the health and wellbeing of their local population on a
 yearly basis
- These reviews put into plans called 'Commissioning Intentions' and they set out the priorities for the CCG in line with national and statutory requirements, set in the context of ongoing and significant financial and clinical workforce challenges
- The 2019/20 commissioning intentions have been developed in line with:
 - o The health needs of our local population, as defined in local Joint Strategic Needs Assessments (JSNA)
 - National health deliverables for 2019/20, focusing on areas of key performance challenges for the CCGs

Our commissioning intentions will also set out the strategic direction for the CCG with the context of the local system, looking for ways for all health and care providers to work more closely together for the benefit of our population, whilst keeping a focus on the local needs and priorities. To reflect this more collaborative approach, we are working closely with Coventry and Rugby CCG and South Warwickshire CCG to develop 2019/20 commissioning intentions that benefit everyone across Coventry and Warwickshire.

This document

This document outlines our commissioning intentions for 2019/20.

It is broken into sections:

- Our values helping you to understand what drives us and the behaviour we demonstrate
- National priorities helping you to understand the national context that is driving some of the decisions and changes being made locally
- Local health needs helping you to understand the priorities, opportunities and challenges we are facing locally
- What our population have told us you talk, we listen and then we make changes
- How we've engaged and will continue to engage with our population demonstrating how we have involved our patients and the public
- High level summaries of each of our core commissioning intention themes to give you an overview of each area, the priorities, our achievements so far and the work still to be done
- An appendix, featuring tables containing more detail for each commissioning intention themes

Our values

As a result of our close working relationship with Coventry & Rugby CCG, during 2018 we reviewed and refreshed our core organisational values, creating a new set of joint values that outline the way in which we behave and help us ensure we fulfil our vision and goals.



CARING FOR OUR POPULATION FIRST

- Putting our patients, carers and populations' needs first, this is why the CCG was established and at the heart of all we do.
- Working together across all parts of the health and social care system to reduce inequality, improve access, remove duplication, unwarranted variation and wasted resources so that we can best meet our communities and populations' needs.



CREATING THE CULTURE FOR PARTNERSHIPS AND INTEGRATION

- Building and sustaining the most effective relationships, partnerships, and service integration that improves the care and outcomes for our population.
- Being objective, transparent and explicit with Partners about potential barriers to improvement so that we can collectively agree how these can be overcome.



RESPECTFUL AND INCLUSIVE

- Ensuring access to services by valuing everyone, being mindful of others perspectives, needs and differences.
- Respecting and including our staff, empowering them through information, personal development and engagement, so that they can be active advocates for delivering the CCG core objectives.



STRIVING FOR EXCELLENCE

- Ensuring that our local population has access to evidence based high quality, health and care outcomes.
- Being an excellent convener for system partnerships to achieve improved care outcomes.
- Improving the sustainability of primary care, so that clusters/ networks can be active participants, Place leaders and partners, in the future integrated care system.

National Operational Plan Priorities

Each year, local CCG level priorities will need to reflect national priorities and 'must do' targets as set out in the NHS England operational plan.

The plan is updated each autumn, although likely priorities for the CCG are set out below.

Primary care	 Providing extended access to GP services, including at evenings and weekends, for 100% of the population Delivering their contribution to the workforce commitment to have an extra 5,000 Doctors and 5,000 other staff working in primary care Ensuring every practice implements at least two of the high impact 'time to care' actions Actively encourage every practice to be part of a local primary care network
Maternity, children and young people	 Deliver improvements in safety towards the 2020 ambition to reduce stillbirths, neonatal deaths, maternal death and brain injuries by 20 and by 50% in 2025 Increase the number of women receiving continuity of the person caring for them during pregnancy Continue to increase access to specialist perinatal mental health services
Urgent and emergency care	 Deliver national performance targets for A&E and other urgent care targets Deliver integrated urgent care services with simple access for patients Standardise Urgent Treatment Centres in line with national standards
Planned care	 Meet and maintain planned care referral-to-treatment waiting time standards Deliver reduction in avoidable demand for elective care by tackling variations in in referrals and providing advice first options for primary care Creation of redesigned and efficient hospital pathways, avoiding duplication and unnecessary hospital visits Expanding cancer screening uptake – focus on bowel, breast and cervical cancer
Cancer	 Ensure all eight waiting time standards are met, including the 62 day referral –to-treatment cancer standard
Mental health	 Dementia diagnosis rate to be delivered at maintained 67% of prevalence Maintain delivery of access target for IAPT (19% of prevalence in 2019/20) Maintain 2 week standard for being seen in early intervention for Psychosis Reduction in Out of Area placements Further develop crises response for Children and young people and fully implement a 'CAMHs 3.5 service' model
Transforming care for people with learning difficulties	 Continue to reduce inappropriate hospitalisation of people with a learning disability, autism or both

Local health population needs

The Local Joint Assessment (JSNA) developed by the Local Authority sets out priorities in relation to the population health needs for the CCG.

Inequalities	What we've done to address these
Higher rates of emergency hospital admissions for self-harm	We have been working with partners to invest CAMHS transformation funding into developing an enhanced community eating disorder service, and enhancing our offer for those who self-harm at acute hospitals.
Higher rates of CVD mortality	 We continue with our #onething campaign to help patients to reduce their lifestyle risks of cardiovascular disease. Hundreds of people have again this year signed up to change one aspect of their lifestyle We improved our contracting for heart failure services based on the needs of the local population which supports both patients and their carers We are identifying and treating more of the population at risk of Atrial Fibrillation (AF) at the earliest opportunity. AF sometimes referred to as the silent killer, can be very dangerous as patients' can have no symptoms.
Higher rates of Cancer mortality	We have a new GP Clinical Lead who with our Public Health Consultant is working systematically with partners across Coventry and Warwickshire to transform cancer services, focusing on prevention and improving screening outcomes, early diagnosis, living with and beyond cancer and primary care development.
Lower rates of breastfeeding at 6-8 weeks	Public Health has set outcomes to increase initiation and duration rates at 6-8 weeks post birth, year on year.
Higher prevalence of diabetes	 We have been identifying more people at risk of diabetes through the mini health checks we have been offering as one element of our #onething campaign We have been successful in our bid for NHS Transformation Funds to develop the range of structured education support we can offer those with diabetes. By developing a service which better meets what local people need, we aim to increase the number of people fully informed about managing their disease We have been successful in completing the work to commission a provider of diabetes prevention support for local people, to start in April 2018 We have improved the service available for those with diabetes who need additional foot care.
Excess weight in adults	By working with our GP practices, we have significantly increased the referrals and uptake of support provided by our Fitter Futures team commissioned by Warwickshire Public Health. This year we have had some amazing results from people using this service.
Under 18 conceptions	As a result of seeing an unexpected increase in teenage pregnancy, we have worked with local Councillors to jointly fund the Health Store in Hatter Space (Nuneaton) and the Radcliffe Centre (Atherstone) to provide outreach sexual health support to young people.

How we are engaging to develop our Commissioning Intentions for 2019/20

This year we have engaged on our commissioning intentions with:

- Our CCG Clinical Executive Group
- Our CCG Governing Body
- Local Health and Wellbeing Boards
- Our local Healthwatch organisations
- Patients, public and community and voluntary sector groups
 - We asked for feedback, ideas and thoughts on the commissioning intentions at our annual general meeting
 - Over 200 people, including patients, community and voluntary sector groups and our member practices, have responded to an online survey focused on our commissioning intentions
 - At their request, we have provided paper copies of the survey to community groups
 - We have raised awareness of our commissioning intentions via social media
 - We have discussed our commissioning intentions at many face to face meetings and engagement sessions with specific groups or communities
 - We have engaged on any plans for service changes and will continue to do so (including, where appropriate, going through a formal consultation process)
 - We have held our providers to account by ensuring they seek service user feedback to evaluate and influence how services are provided and delivered

We will continue to involve patients and the public to help guide and inform our work, understand the impact and assess the benefits being delivered to our population.



What our local population and other stakeholders are telling us

This year we have used every opportunity to gather feedback, ideas and insight from our patients, our member practices, the public, community and voluntary groups and other stakeholders.

This feedback has been extremely valuable to us, and we have included some examples throughout this document. The feedback we receive helps to shape and influence our commissioning intentions throughout the year.

We have also taken account of key recommendations from Healthwatch reports; reflected priorities identified through local JSNA stakeholder engagement; and listened to the key themes emerging from our Local Health and Wellbeing Partnership Forums.

High Level Themes Emerging from our engagement activity this year

Throughout all of our engagement this year there have been some common key themes which we've heard loud and clear from our patients, public and stakeholders:

- Patients want to be empowered to live well
- People want better integration in health and social care
- Patients want easy access to services they need

"I want to be an expert in my own health so I don't have to keep phoning the doctor"

"I want to be able to get in and see my GP – don't want to have to go to A&E when my GP knows my condition and can treat it."

"I find it difficult to know what health car is available for me, I need help to navigate the system"

> "I want to be treated like a person, not just a condition"

"I want to be able to talk to someone quickly, before my condition gets worse" "I want the people who plan services to think about people living in villages, we don't all live in a city / town centre"

"I want services to talk to each other – I don't want to explain my health problems all over again every time I have an appointment"

"I want to thrive and not just survive"

"I would be prepared to travel to get specialist care when I need it, but want to get home as soon as possible, with the right support to help me recover and cope."

"I don't want to have lots of appointments with different services; I want everyone to work together."

What our membership has told us

Our CCG is clinically led and made up of membership practices. As the first point of contact for the majority of people using the NHS, it is important that we listen to, understand and acknowledge the valuable feedback given to us by those who provide care to our population on a day to day basis. Below is a snapshot of what some of our membership has told us about our commissioning intentions:

"Consider rural areas"

"As list size increase (e.g. due to new builds), so will demand – need plans in place"

"Consider vulnerable groups"

"Some practices only get one pick up of bloods daily to take to lab; can this be reviewed to ensure consistency of service?"

"There is a fragmentation of mental health services – need a single point of access and no age restrictions"

"Transition between child to adult mental health services is poor and the age they can access differs between areas"

"Schools should be referring more, so we need more education/guidance for schools"

"A foot clinic for diabetes is needed in the community – other CCGs have them"

"Use GPs with special interest to do community clinic work"

"Work with GPs to understand best ways for GPs to interact with their patients and don't use a "one size fits all" approach

"Self-care education is really needed, especially for parents and children; anxious parents often call their GP or attend A&E"

"Flexible seven day services that is accessible to our patients – taking into account travel!"

"Identify current services available to ensure the development of robust plans for new models of integrated care and avoid admissions into secondary care"

"Active identification of individuals at risk of developing illness, deterioration or crisis through early intervention and management, to help individuals remain at home and avoid hospital admissions"

"Ensure high quality care and support for those at home, in the right setting and right time (as close to home as possible)"

"More education about contraception – Camphill area has one of the highest teen pregnancy rates in the country"

"District nurses need to be more visible and stronger links between them and GPs"

"Get other people involved – pharmacists are underused"

"CCG needs to monitor who is using extended access once it is in place"

"Make sure practices are supported through all these changes e.g. housing developments"

"We need to build stronger links with community groups to help signpost our patients"

2019/20 Commissioning Intentions

Our system

Through the formation of the Coventry and Warwickshire Better Health, Better Care, Better Value (BHBCBV) partnership and the programmes of work it contains, commissioner and provider organisations from across Coventry and Warwickshire have recognised that if we are going to deliver the best possible outcomes for our population within the resources available to us:

- We cannot keep doing things the way we have always done them
- Greater collaboration between organisations will be needed to improve services and make the best use of resources

In July 2018, both Coventry and Warwickshire's Health and Wellbeing Boards agreed a concordat which sets out the principles of how organisations in Coventry and Warwickshire will work together over the coming years.

Prioritising prevention: We will tackle the causes of health-related problems to reduce the impact of ill-health on people's lives, their families and communities. We will seek to address the root causes of problems, listening to local people's priorities and acting on their concerns.

Strengthening communities: We will support strong and stable communities. We will listen to residents to understand what they want from the services we provide and encourage them to lead change themselves wherever possible.

Co-ordinating services: We will work together to design services which take into account the complexity of people's lives and their over-lapping health and social needs. We will focus on the best way to achieve good outcomes for people, reducing the number of interactions people will have with our services and avoiding multiple interventions from different providers.

Sharing responsibility: We value the distinct contributions made by all the organisations that are part of this concordat. We will maintain partnerships between public sector, voluntary and community sector, local businesses and residents, recognising that we share a responsibility to transform the health and wellbeing of our communities. We will pool resources, budgets and accountabilities where it will improve services for the public.



Our priorities – working together to improve health and care outcomes

The emphasis on working together across the health and care sector underpins much of the work happening locally to improve health and care outcomes for our population. Through the work started by the Better Health, Better Care, Better Value programme, the Coventry and Warwickshire health and care system will begin to move towards a more Integrated Care System (ICS) throughout 2019/20, with a focus on the following priorities:

Finish what we have started

In 2014, the three local CCGs developed a strategic plan called "Transformational Change: Transforming lives in Coventry and Warwickshire Clinical Commissioning Groups", which underpins the Better Health, Better Care, Better Value programme.

Although the plan ends in March 2019, the priorities are strongly embedded in ongoing work and will continue to influence delivery into the future.

Move towards more strategic commissioning

Our focus going forward will be on delivering improved outcomes for our patients and our commissioning activity will reflect that, as seen recently with the Out of Hospital and Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS) RISE programme. The way we contract and pay for services will need to change to ensure this approach is successful.

This type of commissioning needs to be driven by strong engagement with our patients, the public and other key stakeholders to understand what is important to them and what outcomes they would like to see.

The three CCGs will work together to map out and define the role of a "strategic commissioner" and the route map for developing an integrated care system.

Support our providers to work more closely together

Our providers will need to find new ways of working with each other and other partners, and we will need to build our commissioning in a way that supports this to help deliver outcomes based contracts in the years to come.

We know that a number of other changes will be needed to support this change, such as improving the use of technology and how our buildings are utilised. With this in mind, the delivery of our Primary Care Estates, Workforce and GP IT strategies will continue to be an area of focus in 2019/20.



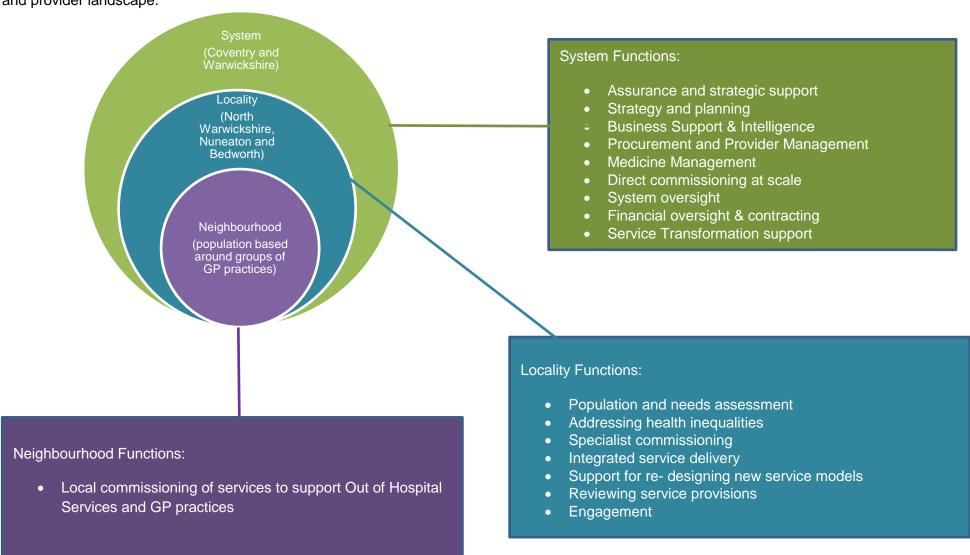


The Out of Hospital programme is about making sure we treat as many people as possible outside of hospital.



Levels of Commissioning

In this future commissioning model it is likely that commissioning will be carried out at different levels depending on the nature of the service and provider landscape:



Our place

The areas we serve

Nuneaton, Bedworth and North Warwickshire

- We will tailor system-wide priorities to optimise health benefits/outcomes for our local populations
- We will commission services that are delivered around our diverse neighbourhoods and communities
- We will continue to work with member practices, clinical leaders, providers, patients and the public to co-design services to 'fit' local needs



Challenges and pressures

Although a new five year funding package for the NHS was announced in July 2018, we do not expect that CCGs will receive significantly more money each year than what we had already included in our plans.

The need to "live within our means" and use money wisely each year to reinvest into new priorities and service improvements based on the needs of our patients and public will continue.

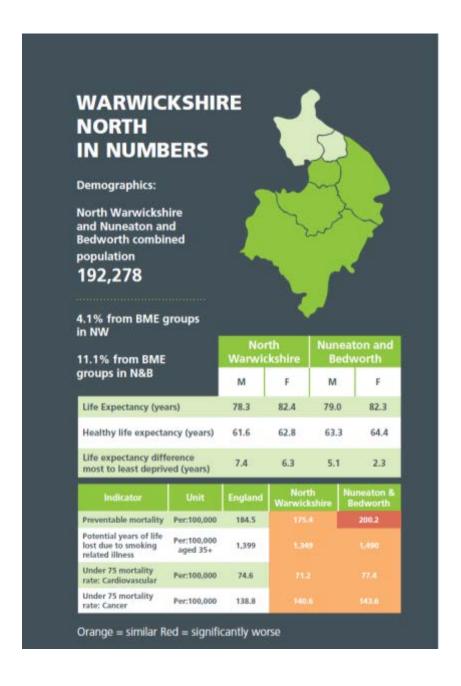
It is therefore important that our Commissioning Intentions for 2019/20 are considered in the context of what we can actually afford to do, be realistic about how we spend the money we are given, and be honest that some of the improvements we want to deliver will only be possible if we reduce spending in other areas, reduce waste and reduce the amount of activities that don't directly benefit the majority of people.

Throughout our commissioning activities, we will seek to ensure that resources are focused on the services that will deliver the most benefit, impact and value for our communities.

Additionally our commissioning intentions are formulated in the context of the following challenges and pressures:

- As we celebrate people living longer, we need to ensure that they have the necessary support to live healthily and independently
- There has been a rise in the number and complexity of long-term conditions
- Risks associated to lifestyle e.g. drug and alcohol misuse, smoking during pregnancy and obesity put pressure on services
- An expectation for an "always on" NHS and the need to increase access to services (including seven day services)
- Diverse populations urban and rural communities who want, need and expect different things
- Keeping up to date with the latest medical and technological advances
- Constrained public resources
- Ensuring there are enough trained staff to deliver the services
- Increased housing developments and population growth and the impact this has on local services

Health inequalities



	Warwickshire North CCG	England	
	%	%	
Recorded depression (18+)	7.1	8.3	
Recorded diabetes (17+)	7.3	6.5	
Overweight & obese children (reception)	23.3	22.2	
Overweight & obese children (Year 6)	34.6	33.6	
Bowel cancer: 2.5 year screening coverage (60-74)	61.1	58.5	
One year survival from colorectal cancer	76.1	77.2	
New hypertension patients treated with statins (30-74)	80.8	66.5	
Smoking in pregnancy (at time of delivery)	11.5	10.5	

Our plan

We face significant financial and workforce challenges across health and social care, which we need to consider when setting our commissioning intentions.

We may need to develop new ways of delivering care to meet patient need, demand and financial constraints.

But most importantly, we need to:

- Put patients needs before organisational needs and make sure the system can continue to deliver
- Provide services that support people to live independently for longer, stay well and recover quickly closer to home, where appropriate and safe to do so
- Commission services that encourage and support patients to be active participants in their own care
- Improve patient outcomes and make the best use of the resources available to us
- Commission in local community settings where it is safe, sustainable and achieves improved outcomes and patient experience
- Provide holistic care co-ordinated around the patient, delivered by multidisciplinary teams working around groups of GP practices.

High level priorities for 2019/20

- 1. Strategic commissioning
- 2. Support General Practice resilience and sustainability through workforce
- 3. Deliver on our Quality, Innovation, Productivity and Prevention programmes, such as for urgent and elective care
- 4. Transforming care for patients with learning disabilities
- 5. Children, Adolescent Mental Health Services Crises support
- 6. Dementia diagnosis and post diagnostic support
- 7. Maternity transformation
- 8. Improvement in cancer services early diagnosis and screening rates

Our strategic work programmes

Our commissioning intentions are split into six strategic work programmes, detailed in the table below. Underpinning all of these is a focus on self-care, which will help people live longer, more healthy lives.

Primary Care

Our commitment is to deliver increased opportunities for and encourage practices to work together to deliver improved services, improve access to general practice services and ensure general practice is strong enough and supported enough to continue providing services long into the future.

Out of Hospital Care

Our commitment is for fewer visits to hospital for patients with ongoing conditions and less time in hospital when you do have to stay, supported by more rehabilitation and ongoing support closer to home. We also want to develop multidisciplinary teams working across groups of practices to support the care delivered to frail and vulnerable adults.

Maternity and Paediatrics

Our commitment is for a maternity and paediatrics service delivering safe, kind, family-friendly, personalised care with improved outcomes for children, young people and their families.

Urgent and Emergency Care

Our commitment is to make it easier for the public to know which urgent and emergency care service to access, and when, for their particular need whilst delivering a consistent level of care.

Planned Care

Our commitment is to reduce delays in appointments with experts, for investigations and treatment. We will reduce the amount of unnecessary visits to hospital for follow up care. We will provide more care in the community and closer to home.

Mental Health

Our commitment is to deliver a proactive and preventative approach to reduce the long term impact for people experiencing mental health problems and support individuals and families to manage their mental health and wellbeing.

Self-care

Our commitment is to provide a better connected health and care system that makes the most of the assets in our communities thinks prevention first and supports people to live well, for longer, accessing care when they need it.

What is self-care?

Self-care is about keeping fit and healthy, understanding when you can look after yourself, when to go to a pharmacist and when to get advice from your GP or another health professional. If you have long-term conditions, such as diabetes or cancer, self-care is about understanding that condition and how to live with it.

What we know

- Prevention is better than cure
- Our clinical and professional time with patients is short it is our patients that spend the most time managing their conditions and we need to equip them with the knowledge, skills and resources to do this effectively and safely
- There are a wealth of resources and assets in our communities and across our partners that can support people to live well for longer
- Our workforce are our greatest asset and need to be supported effectively

What we are trying to achieve

A better connected health and care system that makes the most of the assets in our communities thinks prevention first and supports people to live well, for longer, accessing care when they need it.

Our priorities

- Strengthening our partnership working with Public Health to promote healthy lifestyles
- Develop a social prescribing offer with the Local Authority that addresses the social issues of poor health
- Help people understand where they can access services and help when they need it, including making better use of our community and voluntary sector
- Ensuring prevention, self-care and digital approaches are built into all our pathways and work programmes

A sample of what you've told us

- "Need to improve self-help and self-management as a step before GP access. This would reduce pressure on surgeries"
- "Focus on ways of working that reduces demand and promote self-care".
- "I personally feel frustration that many of today's illnesses can be prevented by self-management of lifestyle, weight, smoking and people who don't do that cost the NHS large sums of money and prevent those who do follow a healthy lifestyle from being able to access services quickly."
- "Patients need to be made aware that not all things require a doctor. A lot of appointments are wasted due to patient not going to the correct place to get help - pharmacy/dentist/selfhelp. There is a lot of self-help out there and patients need to be made aware what is appropriate and what isn't especially with self-limiting issues"
- "District nursing should be developed to incorporate long term condition management and supporting self-care"
- "I like the idea of self-care and personal responsibility in all areas of health care. Patient education in groups and during consultations with health care professional with encouragement to the patient to become in managing their own care".
- "Start work early with children so they have a self-care mentality through life"
- "More prevention and self-care advice in one place which is easy to use".

What is primary care?

Primary care is generally the first point of contact for the healthcare system, acting as the 'front door' for the NHS. Primary care includes general practice, community pharmacy, dental and optometry (eye health) services.

What we know

- Patients want access to flexible services and same day appointments when it's urgent
- We spoke to over 600 members of the public and found the majority of people find it difficult to book an appointment and 76% would consider booking an appointment online

What we are trying to achieve

Increased opportunities for and encourage practices to work together to deliver improved services, improve access to general practice services and ensure general practice is strong enough and supported enough to continue providing services long into the future.

Our priorities

- Improve access to primary care to meet the needs of patients, including population growth and new housing developments and making use of new technology such as online consultations and two-way text messaging
- Actively encourage every practice to be part of a local primary care network and work together more collaboratively, expand and support their workforce and offer appointments with other health professionals, such as clinical pharmacists
- Supporting practices with their workload, using the national GP Five Year Forward View and High Impact Actions, sharing best practices to enable practices to deliver

A sample of what you've told us

- "Ensure that GP has appropriate information and links to refer people on to support. E.g. Mental Health support / weight management"
- "Better access outside of the 9-5 hours Mon-Fri is definitely needed urgently"
- "Better IT so that referrals to other services can be dealt with quickly instead of relying on the post"
- "More communication to the public about when to seek which service (GP / Pharmacy / A&E)"
- "Our GP offers telephone appointments. Excellent!"
- "Better integrated working and communication with other health professionals and voluntary sector organisations"
- "Need to improve self-help and self-management as a step before GP access. This would reduce pressure on surgeries"
- "We need to ensure that we are not fragmenting patient care too much"
- "Anecdotally appointments seem to be one of the priorities, so anything you can do to educate the general public away from always wanting to see a GP would be ideal, Advanced Nurse Practitioners"
- "Generally it is very good. The GPs locally seem to offer an excellent service in difficult circumstances. They need more support to deliver more services including more doctors and more money"

Primary Care

The delivery of Primary Care at scale

Increase opportunities for practices to work together to deliver resilient sustainable primary care

Increase access to seven day services and same-day urgent care



INCREASED RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF WORKFORCE





FURTHER DEVELOP ONLINE ACCESS TO SERVICES

INCREASED ACCESS

TO PRIMARY CARE

through GP extended access services

IMPROVE

diagnosis of dementia and access to dementia services



What is out of hospital care?

Out of hospital care is about making sure we treat as many people as possible outside of hospital, providing care closer to home and in the community, in order to help people stay healthy, independent and improve quality of life and recovery after a period of ill health.

What we know

- Patients want to access more joined up services in their local communities
- Patients want to access the right support first time, every time
- People want to receive the support they need to maximise their independence, wellbeing, quality of life and potential for recovery after an episode of ill health.

What we are trying to achieve

Fewer visits to hospital for patients with ongoing conditions. Less time in hospital when you do have to stay, supported by more rehabilitation and ongoing support closer to home. We also want to develop multidisciplinary teams working across groups of practices to support the care delivered to frail and vulnerable adults.

Our priorities

- Improve the quality of life for people with long term conditions
- Identify people at risk of ill health or hospital admission who are 'frail'
- Better coordinate the care of people with complex problems via joined up hospital and community services and provide a rapid response to escalating health needs

A sample of what you've told us

- "Having one notes system for health and social care would vastly improve efficiency and reduce duplication across both services"
- "Out of Hospital care should become the main focus of all NHS partnerships. Partners working collectively to reduce hospital admissions as this is the best outcome for patients and will improve the long term prospects for older people in particular"
- "More out of hospital "clinics" based in local hubs within the clusters to give better access for patients. E.g. memory assessment, minor surgery, audiology, micro suction, dermatology, mental health navigators"
- "More patient experience stories will give a clearer picture on quality and delivery. improve system wide working"
- "Improve communication between hospitals and GP surgeries"
- "Quicker access to social care for people who need support when they're on the road to recovery, There needs to be timely interventions to prevent bed blocking"
- "Local provision is important I clock up a ridiculous mileage attending appointments outside my town, which isn't feasible for everyone"
- "Make greater use of local agencies and voluntary sector AGE UK"
- "Educate people about the wrong use of A & E just because their GP doesn't have an appointment when they want it"

Out of Hospital

Fewer visits to hospital for patients with ongoing conditions and less time in hospital when you do have to stay, supported by more rehabilitation and ongoing support closer to home

To develop multidisciplinary teams working across groups of practices to support the care delivered to frail and vulnerable adults





REDUCE UNNECESSARYADMISSIONS TO HOSPITAL



TO THE COMMISSIONING
OF RESIDENTIAL AND
NURSING HOME PLACES









What are maternity, children and young people health services?

Maternity, children and young people services cover a wide range of different services, such as antenatal care, support during and after birth, neonatal care, community and hospital paediatric services, GP services for parents and children and mental health services for parents and children.

What we know

- We need to work together across health and social care to develop a local response to the "Better Births" National Maternity Review and ensure services are safer, more personalised, kind, professional and more family friendly
- Ensure women at risk of premature delivery receive the right care in the right place at the right time leading up to the birth of their child
- We need to improve services for Vulnerable Children (including Looked after Children)

What we are trying to achieve

Deliver safe, kind, family friendly, personalised care with improved outcomes for children, young people and families.

Our priorities

- To reduce the numbers of stillbirths and neonatal deaths by 20% in 2021 and 50% in 2025
- Achieve 20% of women receiving continuity of carer during pregnancy
- Increase access to specialist perinatal mental health services
- Continue working in a multi-disciplinary way across the Local Maternity System (LMS)

A sample of what you've told us

- More needs to be done to support women who want to breast feed
- More support throughout pregnancies especially around the MH effects on parents. The difficulties of caring for a demanding baby and how to manage lack of sleep. This can be worked into the safer sleeping programme to expand the service to 'safer parenting'
- Better education on healthy diet for families / young children
- For NHS maternity staff to have a better understanding of safeguarding and what it means to work alongside Children's social care
- More prevention advice would be good, how to stay healthy during pregnancy, how to cope during first few weeks etc
- Ensure community and hospital antenatal services are joined up. Ensure patients are provided with explanations for decisions being made. Support people to remain physically and mentally healthy during pregnancy.
- To keep continuity with the same Midwife for patients during their pregnancy
- Better post birth support Involve dads more Help new parents understand what advice to follow - conflicting advice between midwife, health visitor and family
- Recognise the importance of children's centres and the role they play in bettering the lives of children and families.
- More compassion when delivering bad news especially about loss

Maternity and Paediatrics

Deliver safe, kind, family friendly, personalised care with improved outcomes for children, young people and families





WOMEN AND BABIES RECEIVE THE RIGHT CARE IN THE RIGHT PLACE AT THE RIGHT TIME

REDUCE NUMBER
OF STILLBIRTHS AND
NEONATAL DEATHS

by 20% by 2020

REDUCE AVOIDABLE DEMAND
ON SPECIALIST SERVICES
THROUGH EARLY HELP
AND SUPPORT



TARGETED SUPPORT FOR LOOKED AFTER CHILDREN









IMPROVE ACCESS TO THERAPY SERVICES

What is urgent and emergency care?

Urgent and emergency care covers appointments which need urgent, same day and unplanned contact. This includes some types of GP appointments, as well as visits to Accident and Emergency (A&E), walk-in centres or urgent care centres.

What we know

- Patients find it difficult to know which services to use when e.g. NHS 111 vs urgent care centre vs A&E
- Patients want to understand and access the right type of urgent care service in an emergency to ensure they get the best care when they need it most

What we are trying to achieve

We are trying to make it easier for the public to know which urgent and emergency care service to access and when for their particular need whilst delivering a consistent level of care.

Our priorities

- Patients find it difficult to know which services to use when e.g. NHS 111 vs urgent care centre vs A&E.
- Patients want to understand and access the right type of urgent care service in an emergency to ensure they get the best care when they need it most
- Established a single point of access which will give access to all rapid response community services

A sample of what you've told us

- "Transport to out of hours facilities difficult for many villagers if no access to a car. this penalises young families and the elderly population who live in rural areas where public transport has been reduced or removed"
- "I think a lot more could be do educate people about the appropriate places to get help. A surprising number of people don't seem to know that a pharmacist can provide advice on minor ailments and discuss drugs and any issues with them. There needs to be a much more streamlined process when someone is admitted to hospital via the GP route".
- "A triage service at A&E to redirect non-urgent cases to urgent care/GPs so that urgent cases are dealt with immediately".
- "St Cross walk-in centre provides a good service; better understanding of this service amongst patients may increase its usage and free capacity at Walsgrave which can be extremely busy".
- "Drop in centres cover a wide geographical area. Waiting times are huge. Make better use of them in hospital A&E areas as triage to A+E or an on-site GP service. Prevent visits to different sites, delay in diagnosis, misuse of A&E".

Urgent and Emergency Care

An integrated urgent and emergency care offer to the public with simple access for patients, delivering consistency of care





GREATER NUMBER OF PATIENTS managed within the community





CHOOSE WELL AND NHS111

CAMPAIGN SUPPORT

INCREASE THE RANGE OF TREATMENT PROVIDED
BY THE URGENT PRIMARY CARE ASSESSMENT SERVICE



DEVELOP THE BOOKING SERVICES
BETWEEN NHS111 AND GP EXTENDED ACCESS



What is planned care?

Planned care is any treatment that isn't an emergency and usually involves pre-arranged appointments in hospitals, community settings and GP practices. Planned care covers services such as minor operations, routine tests and treatment for long-term conditions such as cancer.

What we know

- Health services for planned care aren't always as efficient as they could be
- There is low uptake of the cancer screening programme, including; breast, bowel and cervical cancers

What we are trying to achieve

Reduce delays in appointments with experts, for investigations and treatment. Reduce the amount of unnecessary visits to hospital for follow up care. Provide more care in the community and closer to home.

Our priorities

- Improve the advice given to GPs around when to refer patients to hospital to help reduce unnecessary appointments and improve patient experience
- Improve the flow of hospital care to avoid duplication and unnecessary hospital visits
- To support patients to live well with cancer through the implementation of the Macmillan recovery package
- To increase knowledge of the benefits of cancer screening across all population groups
- Patients with diabetes receive the right support in accessing the right education and self-care resources to self-manage their condition and live well

A sample of what you've told us

- "More convenient options for out of working hour appointments. People of working age are a large proportion of the population and finding suitable appointment can be difficult. Some venues due to parking issues require and extra 30-45 mins out to enable time to park and walk to clinic. More flexible venues, more flexible hours. General increase promotion of benefits of screening".
- "Consultant Connect needs to be a 2 way portal. Hospital
 Consultants have requested the possibility of talking to local
 GP'a for advice and guidance for their patients that may have
 relatively simple medical problems, but are outside their
 specific speciality domain. This could avoid the need for "you
 need to go back to see your GP" which generally means more
 delay and frustration. Possibility of having a Cluster Specific
 "on-call" GP who can provide advice and guidance to hospital
 specialists".
- "Planned care great opportunities for prevention messages to be delivered make every contact count"
- "More prevention and self-care advice in one place which is easy to use"
- "Improved communications once patients in system"
- "Keep it as local as possible. Hard to travel when you have a chronic condition".
- "Allow GPS to take the lead or at least be part of the consultation"
- "Good idea to have virtual follow up appointments saves time/parking at hospital. Like the idea of GPs being able to speak to consultants. Too many people are referred to consultants where there is no further action required".

Planned Care

Achieve and ensure timely access to expertopinion, investigation and treatment

We will reduce unnecessary visits to hospital for follow up care

Care will be provided in a range of accessible community settings



WORKING TOWARDS IMPROVING

CANCER SCREENING RATES ACROSS THE THREE MAIN CANCER SCREENING PROGRAMMES



PRODUCE A COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE LIVING WELL BEYOND CANCER PLAN



IMPROVE THE PATIENT JOURNEY

BY REDUCING UNNECESSARY HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT APPOINTMENTS

EXPANSION OF THE CARE NAVIGATION/ SOCIAL PRESCRIBING SERVICE



RIGHT SUPPORT FOR CARERS



GREATER SUPPORT

TO HELP PATIENTS ACHIEVE A HEALTHIER LIFESTYLE



What are mental health and learning disability services?

Mental health services look to support those suffering from mental health difficulties, such as depression, suicidal thoughts and dementia. Learning disability services look to support those with learning disabilities, such as autism, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder and others.

What we know

- We need to improve diagnosis rates for people with dementia
- We know people with a mental illness have a poorer quality of life
- Too many people with leaning disability and/or autism are in mental health hospital provision

What we are trying to achieve

A proactive and preventative approach to reduce the long term impact for people experiencing mental health problems and support individuals and families to manage their mental health and wellbeing

Our priorities

- Increase dementia diagnosis rate
- Increase number of people accessing talking therapies
- Improves services for people experiencing first episode of psychosis.
- Reduction in out of area mental health and learning disability placements
- Improve the system's response for children and young people in crisis.
- Continue to reduce hospitalisation of people with a learning disability and/or autism.

• A sample of what you've told us

- "The number of mental health beds across all areas are too few. They need to either be increased, or better bed management solutions put in place to prevent MH patients being inappropriately treat in acute medical beds".
- "IAPT is a very good service, but appears under resourced.
 Increase overall in resource to work with dementia diagnosis at an earlier stage to maximise chance to use compensatory techniques for longer and look at assistive tech options"
- "More knowledge and training on how these disabilities affect a
 patient and the impact of a hospital visit/stay can have on that
 patient. How to support those patients with identified
 difficulties. Sensitivity and understanding of diversity through
 training is needed for all staff"
- "Increased awareness and training in Primary Care of signs and symptoms of early psychosis. Training and resource support for GP's to diagnosis dementia in uncomplicated dementia, AND support for ongoing aftercare, medication etc. Secondary care mental health workers working in cluster hubs, providing a faster and more pro-active support for patients with less severe illness, who may otherwise have to wait 6 months for a appointment through the SPE".
- "People in MH crisis need better support OOH how many end up in ED unnecessarily because of the lack of support OOH? As an ambulance clinician I see these cases regularly and they take time to resolve, usually ending up in taking them to ED!"
- "Put more support into schools as adolescents are most vulnerable and mental ill health often starts at puberty".

Mental Health

A proactive and preventative approach to reduce the long term impact for people experiencing mental health problems

Support individuals and families to manage their mental health and wellbeing



ACCESS TO CRISIS SERVICE SEVEN DAYS A WEEK (CHILDREN)





SAFE DROP IN

PLACES FOR MEN IN THE COMMUNITY





DELIVERY OF A SPECIALISED SERVICE

FOR ADULT AND CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE MIGRANT MENTAL HEALTH







CONTINUED FOCUS ON ADMISSION AVOIDANCE AND ACCELERATING DISCHARGE FOR PEOPLE WITH LEARNING DIFFICULTIES AND/OR AUTISM

For more information

Our detailed commissioning stock take and next steps

Our detailed commissioning stock take can be found on our website here: [INSERT LINK to be uploaded once CI are published].

It contains a detailed look at our plans, progress to date and next steps for each of the key strategic work programmes. Each section covers the following:

- Commitment what we've said we will do
- What we've achieved so far highlights of work already completed
- How this will benefit our patients to demonstrate the difference you will begin to see
- The next steps the work still to complete

An example can be seen below:

	What we have achieved so far	How this benefits our patients	Next steps (19/20)
Prevention aTType 2 diabetes	Commissioned Ronething service until June 2018 to include Rugby and HbA10 tecling	A greater proportion of patients will be degreesed with disblates warning they benefit from earlier detection rates and subsequent treatment and control of condition.	Ensure that the 1915 districts prevention programme is railed out and available to all eligible patients registered with a Warwickshire North GP practice
Support better improgramment of disbutes in primary date	Service want fine \$1.0ct.FT with FT practices signed up to provide insulin initiation in a primary own setting	- increased likelihood that boal palents will have their general disbetes need in a primary cake setting, a cooling the need to be referred into a hospital setting	Map out where topal services should still in whiter to disbetter management and delamine how primary care a abit to support the through local enhanced apprehensing the support of th
Providing high quality education and self-care resources to help auguori patients with disbetes	- STP wide Disbetes Transformation. Group and various Trait and Prints Groups have been astabilished to the the rich programms forward. - A total Inspettiny has been developed to increase the number of places exhibite. - A CEW Disbetes Pull has been agreed and will take place in November. - The CEO is arring to develop a Disbetes. Cashingaid to continue water regard on a range of spition within recipional productional to continue.	A greater proportion of patients will have somess to and benefit have the Distriction Education and Self-Unsagement for Originary and Havely Department of Self-Unsagement and Self-Unsagement of Distriction and Self-Unsagement of Self-Un	think strainly with the new provider times this is history and existing prevalent to ensure capacity is available to eligible packets continue to monitor the outcomes associated with this inhervention.
Supporting OF practices to develop a supplicitable withhole and avoid setting source	- We have been accepted and the 19-55 formational Reculational software - We have submitted a bid for E2m to support OF wheriton across our STP. - We have supmitted 12 worses to go through the Notes Preducting programme - We have developed an active campaign 18 support. - We have some our STP. Campain 19 support. - We have developed an active campaign 18 support. - We have developed an active campaign 18 support.	Wask with our member practices and key partners to understand the current and forecast workforce opening and messures. - Ensure that the CDS weeks closely with NHS England and member placelose to attract and rates workforce within the local area.	Continue to work with precitions and other partners to deliver the 57th workforce, mistakes instructing interestinate demokranic GP retaining interestinate demokranic GP retaining and pleasement of clinical pharmacatic within practices.

Our Commitment to Health

COMMISSIONING INTENTIONS

2019/20



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